	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
To perform	Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them	Take part in singing, accurately following the melody. • Follow instructions on how and when to sing or play an instrument.	Make and control long and short sounds, using voice and instruments. • Imitate changes in pitch.	Sing from memory with accurate pitch. • Sing in tune. • Maintain a simple part within a group. • Pronounce words within a song clearly. • Show control of voice.	Sing from memory with accurate pitch. • Play notes on an instrument with care so that they are clear. • Perform with control and awareness of others.	Sing or play from memory with confidence. • Perform solos or as part of an ensemble. • Sing or play expressively and in tune. • Hold a part within a round. • Sustain a drone or a melodic ostinato to accompany singing.	Sing or play from memory with confidence. • Perform solos or as part of an ensemble. • Sing or play expressively and in tune. • Sing a harmony part confidently and accurately. • Perform with controlled breathing (voice) and skilful playing (instrument).

				Mus	SIC		
To	They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through music Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them	 Clap rhythms. Sequence sounds to create an overall effect. Create short, musical patterns. Create short, rhythmic phrases. 	Create a sequence of long and short sounds. • Create a mixture of different sounds (long and short, loud and quiet, high and low). • Choose sounds to create an effect.	Compose and perform melodic songs. • Create repeated patterns with a range of instruments. • Create accompanime nts for tunes. • Use drones as accompanime nts.	 Choose, order, combine and control sounds to create an effect. Use sound to create abstract effects. Use digital technologies to compose pieces of music. 	Create songs with verses and a chorus. Convey the relationship between the lyrics and the melody Create rhythmic patterns with an awareness of timbre and duration. Thoughtfully select elements for a piece in order to gain a defined effect.	 Combine a variety of musical devices, including melody, rhythm and chords. Use digital technologies to compose, edit and refine pieces of music. Use drones and melodic ostinati (based on the pentatonic scale).

feelings through music Performance. to play and rest. Recognise the notes EGBDF and FACE on the musical stave.

То	They				
describe	represent	Identify the beat of	Use the	Choose from a wide	Understand and use the #
music	their own	a tune.	terms:	range of musical	(sharp) and ♭ (flat) symbols.
music	ideas,		duration,	vocabulary to	
	thoughts and	Recognise changes	timbre,	accurately describe	Use and understand simple time
	feelings	in timbre, dynamics	pitch, beat,	and appraise music	signatures.
	through	and pitch.	tempo,	including:	
	music		texture and		Choose from a wide range of
			use of	• pitch	musical vocabulary to accurately
			silence to		describe and appraise music
			describe	 dynamics 	including:
			music.		
				· tempo	• pitch
			• Evaluate		
			music using	· timbre	· dynamics
			musical	· texture	. +0,000
			vocabulary	rexture	• tempo
			to identify	· lyrics and melody	· timbre
			areas of	Tyrres and merody	TIME
			likes and	· sense of occasion	· texture
			dislikes.		
				• expressive	· lyrics and melody
			•	·	
			Understand	· solo	· sense of occasion
			layers of		
			sounds and	· rounds	• expressive
			discuss their		
			effect on	 harmonies 	· solo
			mood and		
			feelings.	· accompaniments	· rounds
				· drones	harmonies
				ui ones	nui mones
				· cyclic patterns	· accompaniments
				5, 31.0 par 10.110	accompanion of
				· combination of	· drones
				musical elements	
					· cyclic patterns

		/ V \U.	,,,,		
				· cultural context.	· combination of musical elements
				Describe how lyrics often reflect the cultural context of music and have social meaning	• cultural context.

Music Vocabulary

General vocab

accent - where the music is emphasised

 $\mbox{\bf bar}$ - a regular section on a staff, separated by vertical lines.

Contains the beats

beat- unit of rhythm

canon - tune that is repeated at regular intervals by different performers, but with different starting times

chant - singing in unison, with a similar rhythm to speech

choir - group of singers

chord - 2 or more notes (usually 3) played simultaneously in harmony

chord progression – string of chords played in succession, usually a pattern

clef – a symbol on written music, defining what pitch to play the note

crescendo - getting louder

decrescendo - getting quieter

dissonance - harsh sounds, chords not in harmony

downbeat - first beat in a bar

drone - monotonous tone

duet - two vocalists or instruments

dynamics - how loud or quiet a piece of music is

key signature - the flats and sharps at the beginning of each line, to be played throughout the piece

music

major - a happy sounding piece of measure - a bar in a piece of music

minor - a sad sounding piece of music

notation - a method of writing music

octave - 8 full tones above the key note. Start and end of a scale

off beat - the unaccented beat

orchestra - a large group of instruments, usually classical

pulse - the constant beat in a piece of music

rest - moment when a note is not played for a defined length of time

rhythm - structured groups of accented and unaccented beats

scale - successive notes of a key, ascending or descending

sharp - note to be raised by a semitone

slur - a curve over notes, suggesting that it is slurred together

staccato - short, sharp notes

staff - five horizontal lines on which notes are written

tempo - speed of a piece

time signature - how many beats to a bar

unison - playing or singing the same notes simultaneously

vibrato - quickly alternating between two notes - a wobbly sound

ensemble - all instruments in an orchestra or all voices in a choir, playing at once.

flat - playing a note a semitone lower than the written one forte - loud

harmony - pleasing combination of two or more notes, played in background behind melody

key - system of notes based on a key note

Note lengths

Semibreve - 4 beats
Minim - 2 beats
Crotchet - 1 beat
Quaver - $\frac{1}{2}$ beat
Semiguaver - $\frac{1}{4}$ beat

Rest lengths

Semibreve rest - 4 beats

Minim rest - 2 beats

Crotchet rest - 1 beat

Quaver rest - ½ beat

Semiquaver rest - ¼ beat

Common Tempo words

adagio - slow and calm
allegro - quick and lively
andante - relaxed and flowing
largo - slow and broad
lento - slow
moderato - a reasonable pace
rit. (ritardando) - slowing the tempo (also ral. (ralentissez))
presto - quick and lively
prestissimo - extremely quick